

Dear **Beef Efficiency Scheme Member,**

## Welcome to the Beef Efficiency Scheme User Guide.

This user guide takes you through the Beef Efficiency Scheme (BES) website, using graphics and text, to provide a step by step instruction set for you to follow, if required, to assist in the recording of your cattle data. If you are viewing this document online, clicking on an item on the contents list will take you directly to that item.

If you would prefer a printed version of this document, please contact the Help Desk at ScotEID and they will post out a BES User Guide for your convenience.

The ScotEID Help Desk is available Monday to Friday, 9am to 5pm. However, we do appreciate that you will be completing your BES data at any time of the day and hope that this guide will provide assistance.

We can be contacted by email on [help@scotEID.com](mailto:help@scotEID.com) or by telephone on 01466 794323.

Please don't hesitate to contact us if you have a query or we may be of assistance.

Yours faithfully,

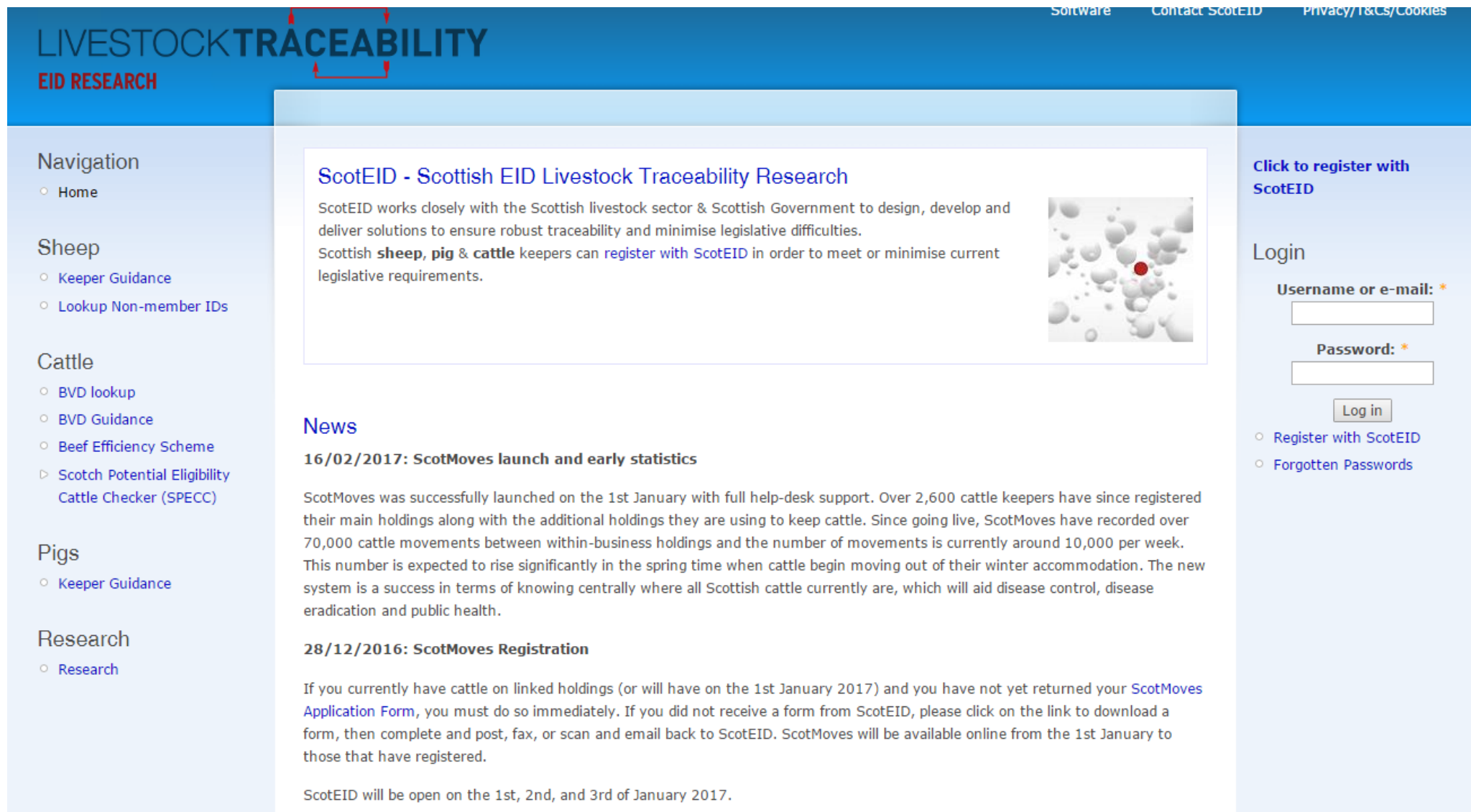
*The ScotEID Team*



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## 1. Where to find the BES website

The BES website is accessed from [www.scotEID.com](http://www.scotEID.com). When you type in [www.scotEID.com](http://www.scotEID.com) in your browser, the page below will appear.



The screenshot shows the ScotEID website homepage. The header features the 'LIVESTOCK TRACEABILITY EID RESEARCH' logo and navigation links for 'Software', 'Contact ScotEID', and 'Privacy/T&Cs/Cookies'. A left-hand navigation menu includes sections for 'Navigation' (Home), 'Sheep' (Keeper Guidance, Lookup Non-member IDs), 'Cattle' (BVD lookup, BVD Guidance, Beef Efficiency Scheme, Scotch Potential Eligibility Cattle Checker (SPECC)), 'Pigs' (Keeper Guidance), and 'Research' (Research). The main content area is titled 'ScotEID - Scottish EID Livestock Traceability Research' and contains a description of the service, a news section with two articles, and a footer note about the website's opening dates. The right-hand side of the page features a 'Click to register with ScotEID' link, a 'Login' section with input fields for 'Username or e-mail' and 'Password', a 'Log in' button, and links for 'Register with ScotEID' and 'Forgotten Passwords'.

**ScotEID - Scottish EID Livestock Traceability Research**

ScotEID works closely with the Scottish livestock sector & Scottish Government to design, develop and deliver solutions to ensure robust traceability and minimise legislative difficulties. Scottish **sheep, pig & cattle** keepers can [register with ScotEID](#) in order to meet or minimise current legislative requirements.

**News**

**16/02/2017: ScotMoves launch and early statistics**

ScotMoves was successfully launched on the 1st January with full help-desk support. Over 2,600 cattle keepers have since registered their main holdings along with the additional holdings they are using to keep cattle. Since going live, ScotMoves have recorded over 70,000 cattle movements between within-business holdings and the number of movements is currently around 10,000 per week. This number is expected to rise significantly in the spring time when cattle begin moving out of their winter accommodation. The new system is a success in terms of knowing centrally where all Scottish cattle currently are, which will aid disease control, disease eradication and public health.

**28/12/2016: ScotMoves Registration**

If you currently have cattle on linked holdings (or will have on the 1st January 2017) and you have not yet returned your [ScotMoves Application Form](#), you must do so immediately. If you did not receive a form from ScotEID, please click on the link to download a form, then complete and post, fax, or scan and email back to ScotEID. ScotMoves will be available online from the 1st January to those that have registered.

ScotEID will be open on the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd of January 2017.

You must login to ScotEID if you have not already done so. Using the following:



Login

Username or e-mail: \*

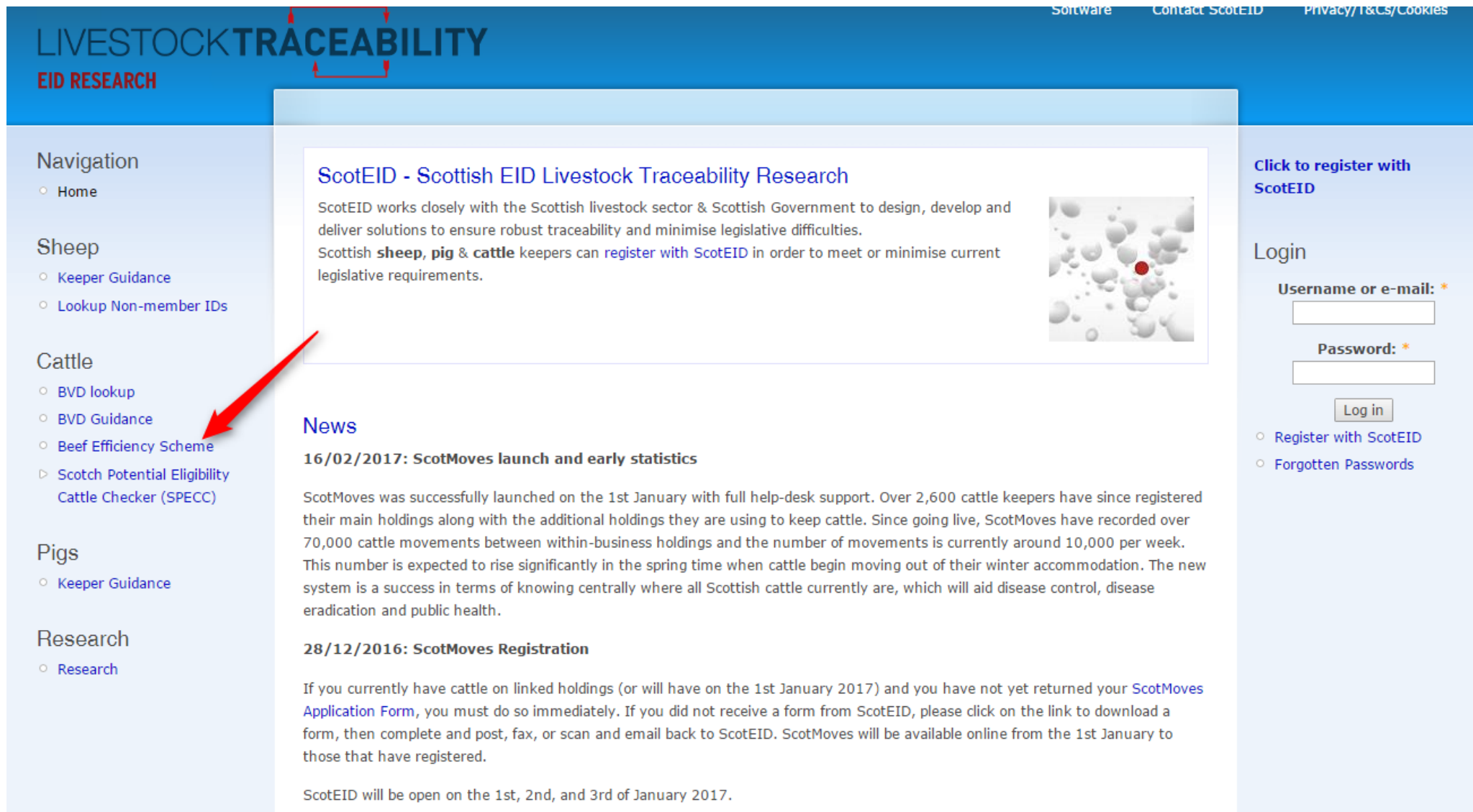
Password: \*

Log in

- [Register with ScotEID](#)
- [Forgotten Passwords](#)

[Click to register with ScotEID](#)

From the page below you can then select 'Beef Efficiency Scheme' from the Cattle menu down the left hand side.



The screenshot shows the Livestock Traceability website interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Software, Contact ScotEID, and Privacy/T&Cs/Cookies. The main header features the Livestock Traceability logo and EID Research text. On the left, a navigation menu lists categories: Navigation (Home), Sheep (Keeper Guidance, Lookup Non-member IDs), Cattle (BVD lookup, BVD Guidance, Beef Efficiency Scheme, Scotch Potential Eligibility Cattle Checker (SPECC)), Pigs (Keeper Guidance), and Research (Research). A red arrow points to the 'Beef Efficiency Scheme' link under the Cattle category. The main content area displays a section for 'ScotEID - Scottish EID Livestock Traceability Research' with a description of the system and a 'News' section containing two articles: '16/02/2017: ScotMoves launch and early statistics' and '28/12/2016: ScotMoves Registration'. On the right, there is a registration and login section with fields for Username or e-mail and Password, a Log in button, and links for Register with ScotEID and Forgotten Passwords.



## 2. BES summary page for your holding

You are then presented with the summary page for your holding.

Beef Efficiency Scheme

Summary Births Weights Disposals Guidance Contract BES video Tagging

### Holding data:

The holding shown below is the main holding associated with your BRN. To change this you must contact [Rural Payments and Inspections Division](#). Please note this data will lag behind CTS due to delays in exchanging information between systems.

Holding: [REDACTED]

Cattle: 403

Calves born within the last 12 months: 187

Sex	0-1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	3+ years
Male	81	1	1	4
Female	86	8	45	177

### BES calves

Based on officially registered CTS calf data.

Beef calves born since start date: 273

Beef calves with BES data: 273

Beef calves requiring BES data entry: 0

The Holding Data displays the number of cattle on your holding at present. There can be a slight lag in updates from the CTS.

Summary
Births
Weights
Disposals
Guidance

### Holding data:

The holding shown below is the main holding associated with your BRN. To change these you must contact [Rural Payments and Services](#). Please note this data will lag behind CTS due to delays in exchanging information between systems.

Holding: XXXXXXXXXX

Cattle: 852 1

Calves born within the last 12 months: 2

<span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px; color: white; font-weight: bold;">3</span> Sex	0-1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	3+ years
Male	54	176	80	6
Female	40	140	84	272

- 1 - displays the total number of cattle for your holding.
- 2 Calves born within the last year represents the Scheme Year, i.e. from the 1<sup>st</sup> January.
- 3 Age breakdown of your cattle.



The Summary also includes the totals for all calves born since the scheme start date, the number of records completed and those still to be completed.

**BES calves**

Based on CTS on officially recorded CTS calf data.

Calves born since scheme start date:	5
Calving records:	1
Calvings requiring data entry:	4

**Weights**

Calf weights recorded:	1
------------------------	---

**Disposals**

Disposals since start date:	0
Disposal reasons recorded:	0

In the above example, at the arrow, you can see that one calving record has been added, out of the five calves registered. 'Calvings requiring data entry' details, four, indicating those calvings that have still to have data recorded against them. These five calvings are provided in a table by selecting the 'Births' tab at the top of this page.

Summary **Births** Weights Disposals Guidance





Summary Births Weights Disposals Guidance

Animals are added to this list based on data from CTS. Please note this data will lag behind CTS due to delays in exchanging information between the system.

[Add a calving record for unregistered dead calf](#)

Births

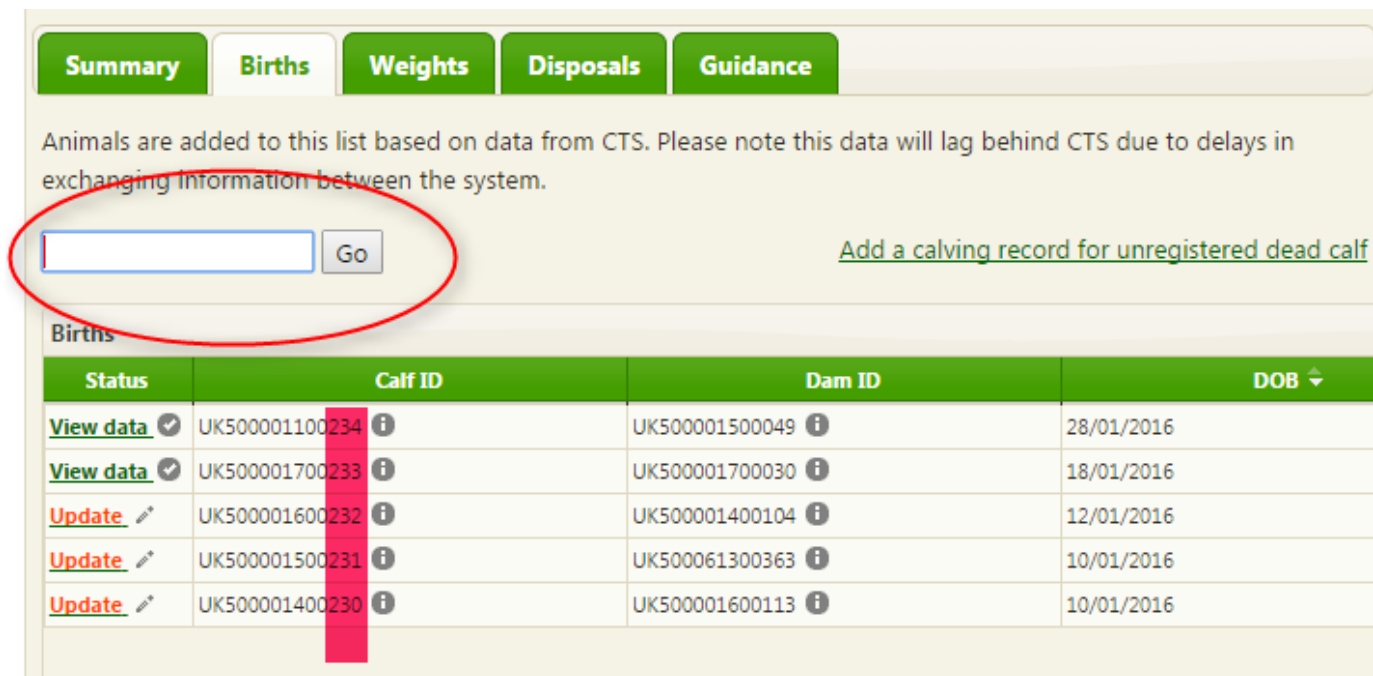
Status	Calf ID	Dam ID	DOB
<a href="#">View data</a> ✓	UK500001100234 ⓘ	UK500001500049 ⓘ	28/01/2016
<a href="#">View data</a> ✓	UK500001700233 ⓘ	UK500001700030 ⓘ	18/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001600232 ⓘ	UK500001400104 ⓘ	12/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001500231 ⓘ	UK5000061300363 ⓘ	10/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001400230 ⓘ	UK500001600113 ⓘ	10/01/2016



The screen capture above now shows 2 sets of calving data have been entered.

### 3. Listing of Births –calves born on your holding

By clicking on the 'Births' tab on the summary page, you will then be presented with a list of the births on your holding. If you have a large number of calves, you can enter the last three digits of the Calf ID in the box circled and then the full calf ID will appear in a pop up box for you to select. Selecting it will then take you to the 'record calving' LINK page for that birth.



Summary Births Weights Disposals Guidance

Animals are added to this list based on data from CTS. Please note this data will lag behind CTS due to delays in exchanging information between the system.

Go [Add a calving record for unregistered dead calf](#)

Births

Status	Calf ID	Dam ID	DOB
<a href="#">View data</a> ✓	UK500001100234	UK500001500049	28/01/2016
<a href="#">View data</a> ✓	UK500001700233	UK500001700030	18/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001600232	UK500001400104	12/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001500231	UK500061300363	10/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001400230	UK500001600113	10/01/2016

Alternatively, you can click on the 'update' option in the 'status' column. This will also take you to the 'record calving' page for the birth you have selected. For more detail, please go to [Recording your data for each calving record.](#)

From the above list you can also, by selecting on the status in the Status column, (shown above as 'View data' and 'Update') go to the 'Record calving' page for the calf and dam details in the row.

'View data' will allow you to view and amend data already entered.


'Update' will allow you to enter the calving record for that dam and calf.

#### 4. Adding a calving record for an unregistered dead calf

From this page you can also select to 'Add a calving record for unregistered dead calf', shown by the arrow in the screen capture below:

Summary
Births
Weights
Disposals
Guidance

Animals are added to this list based on data from CTS. Please note this data will lag behind CTS due to delays in exchanging information between the system.


[Add a calving record for unregistered dead calf](#)

**Births**

Status	Calf ID	Dam ID	DOB
<a href="#" style="color: #4CAF50;">View data</a> ✓	UK500001100234 ⓘ	UK500001500049 ⓘ	28/01/2016
<a href="#" style="color: #4CAF50;">View data</a> ✓	UK500001700233 ⓘ	UK500001700030 ⓘ	18/01/2016
<a href="#" style="color: #4CAF50;">Update</a> ✎	UK500001600232 ⓘ	UK500001400104 ⓘ	12/01/2016
<a href="#" style="color: #4CAF50;">Update</a> ✎	UK500001500231 ⓘ	UK500061300363 ⓘ	10/01/2016
<a href="#" style="color: #4CAF50;">Update</a> ✎	UK500001400230 ⓘ	UK500001600113 ⓘ	10/01/2016

Clicking on the link at the arrow displays the 'Record Calving' page as below:

Record calving

Dam	Calf
Dam ID: <input type="text"/>	Calf ID: UNREG_CALF_1
Calving date: <input type="text"/>	Death Reason(s): <b>Please select</b> <span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">1</span>
Calved herself: <input type="button" value="Yes"/> <input type="button" value="No"/>	Sire ID: <input type="text"/> <span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">2</span>
Calving difficulty: <input type="range"/>	Vigour: <input type="range"/>
Aggressiveness: <input type="range"/>	Size: <input type="range"/>
	<a href="#">Add a dead sibling</a> <span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">3</span>

Save Data

For a calf that dies before it has been registered on CTS the ID of 'UNREG\_CALF' is given to record that the dam calved but the calf has died.

- 1 This is a drop down box that lists the possible reasons (same as in the BES diary on page 112) for you to select from.
- 2 Please note the Sire ID.
- 3 If the dead calf was a twin and its twin is also dead, clicking this link will display a second Calf Record details to complete.


Please see the next section for details on entering the [Calving record data](#).



## 5. Recording your data for each 'Calving Record'

This section details how to capture your data you have recorded to date, in your BES diary (Calving records page 9 onwards) or elsewhere.

CALVING RECORD



### Calving record

DAM ID: ..... SIRE ID: .....

Date of birth: .....

Sex: Male  Female

CALF ID: ..... Calf died

If calf died before registration see page 112

Noteable markings *for your own use* .....

Cow calved herself

If assisted: Easy \_\_\_\_\_ Hard

Caesarean  Malpresentation eg breech

**CALF:**

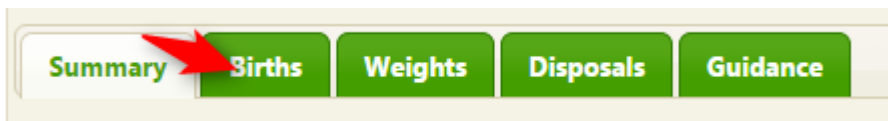
Vigour: Lazy \_\_\_\_\_ Bouncing  
                  1        2        3        4

Calf size: Small \_\_\_\_\_ Extra Large  
                  1        2        3        4

Cow: Docile \_\_\_\_\_ Aggressive  
                  1        2        3        4        5

10

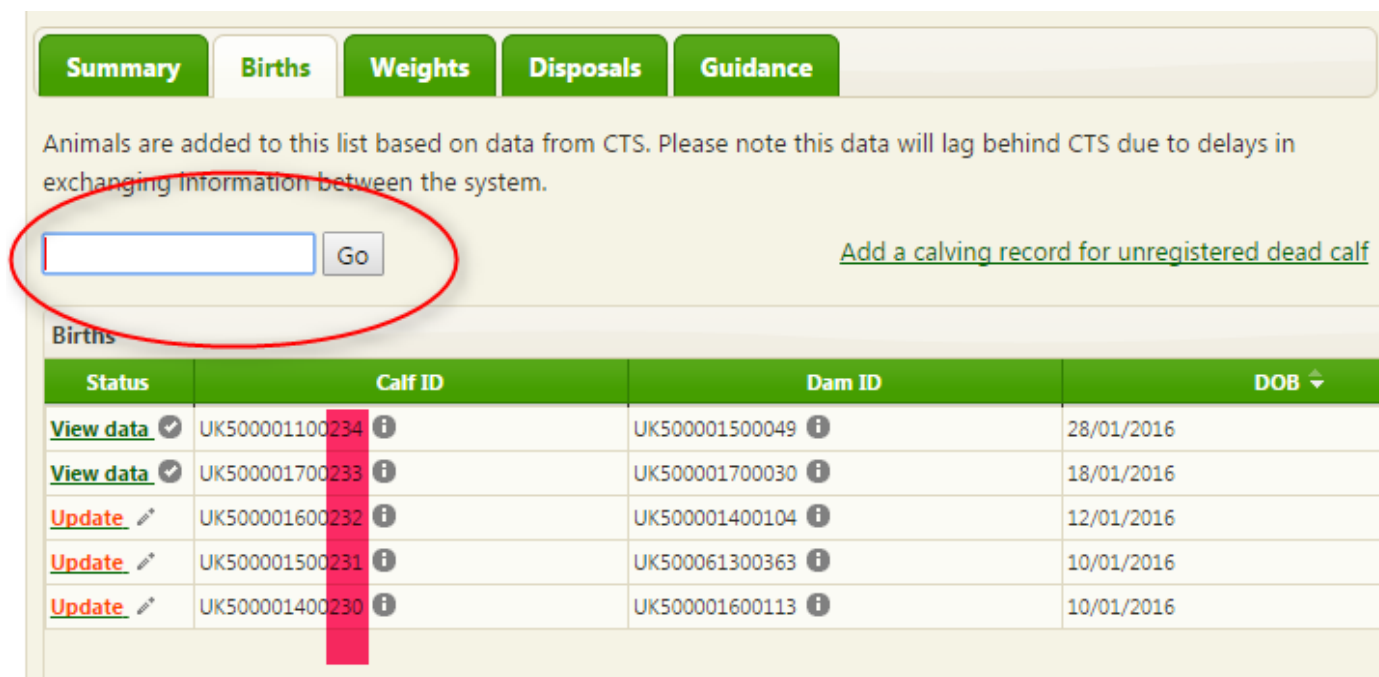
To get to the calving record, select the 'births' tab from the summary page.



By clicking on the 'Births' tab on the summary page, you will then be presented with a list of the births on your holding, see the screen capture below.

If you have a large number of calves, you can enter the last three digits of the Calf ID in the box circled and then the full calf ID will appear in a pop up box for you to select.

Selecting it will then take you to the 'record calving' page for that birth.



Animals are added to this list based on data from CTS. Please note this data will lag behind CTS due to delays in exchanging information between the system.

Go [Add a calving record for unregistered dead calf](#)

Status	Calf ID	Dam ID	DOB
<a href="#">View data</a> ✓	UK500001100234 ⓘ	UK500001500049 ⓘ	28/01/2016
<a href="#">View data</a> ✓	UK500001700233 ⓘ	UK500001700030 ⓘ	18/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001600232 ⓘ	UK500001400104 ⓘ	12/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001500231 ⓘ	UK500061300363 ⓘ	10/01/2016
<a href="#">Update</a> ✎	UK500001400230 ⓘ	UK500001600113 ⓘ	10/01/2016

Alternatively, you can click on the 'update' option in the 'status' column. This will also take you to the 'record calving' page for the birth you have selected

'View data' will allow you to view and amend data already entered.

'Update' will allow you to enter the calving record for that dam and calf.

Please note the rows of births can be re-ordered by clicking on the column headings on the listing.

Record calving

Dam		Calf	
Dam ID	<input type="text" value="UK500001400104"/>	Calf ID	<input type="text" value="UK500001600232"/>
Sex:	Female	click here if this calf has died	<input type="checkbox"/>
Breed:	Limousin Cross	Sex:	Female
Dam:	UKAR034900014	Breed:	Limousin Cross
DOB:	23/02/2007	Dam:	UK500001400104
Birth CPH:	<input type="text"/>	DOB:	12/01/2016
Calving date:	<input type="text" value="12/01/2016"/>	Birth CPH:	<input type="text"/>
Calved herself:	<input checked="" type="button" value="Yes"/> <input type="button" value="No"/>	Sire ID	<input type="text" value="UK521878102870"/>
Aggressiveness:	<input type="range" value="1"/> Docile	Vigour:	<input type="range" value="1"/> Lazy
		Size:	<input type="range" value="1"/> Medium

[Add a dead sibling](#)

**Save Data**

① and ② on the screen capture will be prepopulated with the IDs from the row you selected.

③ Please enter the date the dam calved.

④ Please indicate by selecting either the Yes or No box if the dam calved herself. If 'NO', subsequent options change, please go to

⑤ Click on the green box on the bar and move to the appropriate position. As you move the green box along the bar, the word below changes to indicate where you are on the scale. Starts at Docile, then Quiet, Nervous, Flighty and Aggressive.

Below is the related extract from the diary:

Docile, she is easily handled, settled and gentle;

Quiet but can be restless when handled;

Nervous, manageable but nervous, moderate amount of struggling when handled;

Flighty (wild) out of control, jumpy and struggles violently when handled;

Aggressive, shows aggressive behaviour, she is very agitated and may be showing attack behaviour.

⑥ The Sire ID must be entered for each calf. When you enter a sire ID, it must be the official tag number. To ensure you do not have to enter the same sire ID in full for each calf, once you have entered a sire ID once, it is stored and then subsequently presented in a dropdown list for selection. The drop down list, once all sires have been entered, will represent your list of sires.

⑦ A sliding scale for the vigour of the calf – runs from Lazy, Lazy/Weak, Vigorous, Bouncing.

Below is the related extract from the diary:

Calf vigour should be noted between birth and the calf receiving its first drink. As a guide:

Lazy making no attempt to stand itself and needs a hand;

Lazy/Weak needs assistance to suck and takes more than one hour to stand;

Vigorous has suckled without assistance but takes more than 30 minutes to stand;

Bouncing or very vigorous and stands within 30 minutes and suckles itself. (If the first time you see the calf it is running around and obviously suckled this would be marked as 4).

⑧ A sliding scale for calf size from small, medium, large to extra-large.

Below is the related extract from the diary:

When assessing calf size the comparison is a farm comparison and/ or a breed comparison e.g. a small Angus x compared with a large Angus x or a small Charolais x compared with a large Charolais x. NOT an Angus compared with a Charolais.





## 6. How to record the data when a cow calving is assisted

Record calving

Dam	Calf
<b>Dam ID</b> UK500001400104	<b>Calf ID</b> UK500001600232
<b>Sex:</b> Female	<b>Sex:</b> Female
<b>Breed:</b> Limousin Cross	<b>Breed:</b> Limousin Cross
<b>Dam:</b> UKAR034900014	<b>Dam:</b> UK500001400104
<b>DOB:</b> 23/02/2007	<b>DOB:</b> 12/01/2016
<b>Birth CPH:</b> [Redacted]	<b>Birth CPH:</b> [Redacted]
<b>Calving date:</b> 12/01/2016	<b>Sire ID</b> UK521878102870
<b>Calved herself:</b> Yes No <b>1</b>	<b>Vigour:</b> - [Slider] +
<b>Vet. assisted:</b> Yes No <b>2</b>	Bouncing
<b>Malpresentation:</b> Yes No <b>3</b>	<b>Size:</b> - [Slider] +
<b>Calving difficulty:</b> [Slider] + <b>4</b>	Extra Large
<b>Aggressiveness:</b> - [Slider] +	<a href="#">Add a dead sibling</a>
Flighty	
<b>Save Data</b>	

**1** Select the 'no' option for 'Calved herself'.

This will then show two further options.

**2** Select 'Yes' if vet assisted.

**3** For malpresentation, select 'Yes' if the calf was wrongly presented in any way.

**4** For 'Calving Difficulty' the scale runs from easy to hard.

Below is the related extract from the diary:

Easy is simply pulling feet by hand through to a hard which is two people on a rope or the use and need for a calving jack. You can easily note the calving ease by marking along the line with a cross. In the example above we show a relatively easy calving.

## 7. Updating your records if a registered calf has died

### Record calving

Dam		Calf	
Dam ID	<input type="text" value="UK500001400104"/>	Calf ID	<input type="text" value="UK500001600232"/>
Sex:	Female	click here if this calf has died <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sex: Female
Breed:	Limousin Cross		Breed: Limousin Cross
Dam:	UKAR034900014		Dam: UK500001400104
DOB:	23/02/2007		DOB: 12/01/2016
Birth CPH:	<input type="text"/>		Birth CPH: <input type="text"/>
Calving date:	<input type="text" value="12/01/2016"/>		Death Reason(s): <input type="button" value="Please select"/>
Calved herself:	<input type="button" value="Yes"/> <input type="button" value="No"/>		Sire ID <input type="text" value="UK521878102870"/>
Aggressiveness:	- <input type="range" value="0"/> + Docile		Vigour: - <input type="range" value="0"/> + Lazy
			Size: - <input type="range" value="0"/> + Medium

[Add a dead sibling](#)

**Save Data**

If your calf has died after it has been registered, please record the reason it died here by ticking the box at the top arrow and then selecting the 'Death Reason'. There is an option to select 'unknown'.

**!** Please note: you must register the death of the calf on the British Cattle Movement System (BCMS) as before.

This action will only record the reason the calf died for the BES system. No information is passed back from the BES System to BCMS.

If the calf was a twin and its twin died prior to registration you can record this at the link 'Add a dead sibling'.

## 8. Recording Weights

**Weights**

Calf weights recorded: 2

On the Summary page, you are shown the number of weights you have recorded on the system.

[Summary](#)
[Births](#)
[Weights](#)
[Disposals](#)
[Guidance](#)

Multiple weights can be recorded against each animal. When entering an animal ID entering the last few digits will display up a filtered list.

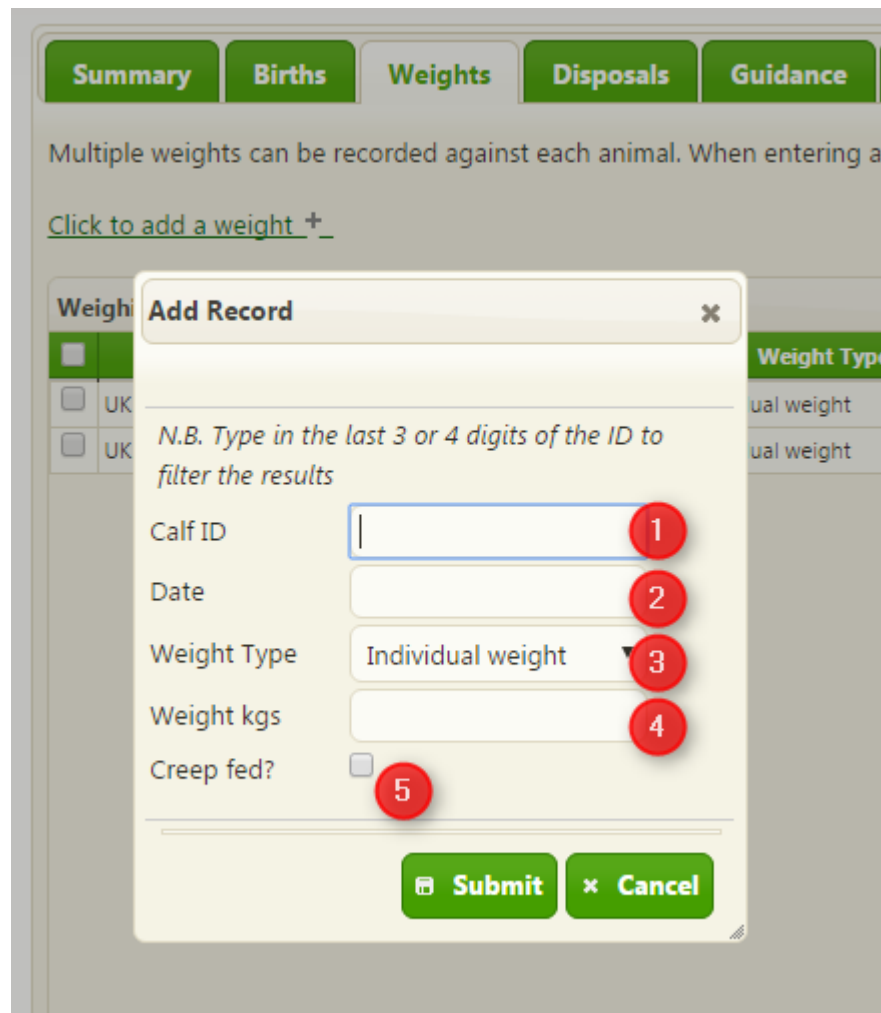
[Click to add a weight +](#)

**Weighing Record**

<input type="checkbox"/>	Calf ID	Date	Weight Type	Weight kgs	Creep fed?
<input type="checkbox"/>	UK500001600232	01/04/2016	Individual weight	90	YES
<input type="checkbox"/>	UK500001100234	22/04/2016	Individual weight	210	YES

Select the 'Weights' tab on the top of the BES Summary page and a list of the weights you have already entered will appear.

When you click to add weight, the following box will appear.



① As before, when entering an animal ID, here you have three choices

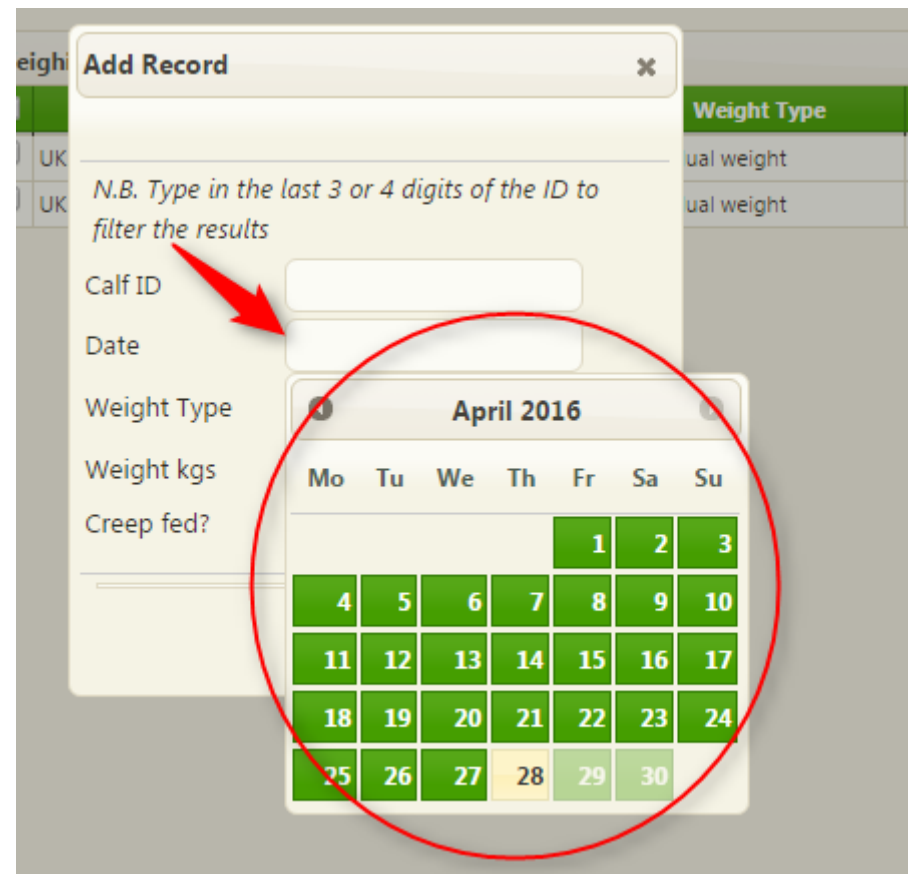
- a. Enter the ID, or;
- b. Select from the drop down list, or;
- c. Enter the last three digits of the ID.

② Clicking on the date will bring up a calendar to select the date from.

③ For weight type, a drop down options provide 'Individual weight' or 'Average Lot Weight'.

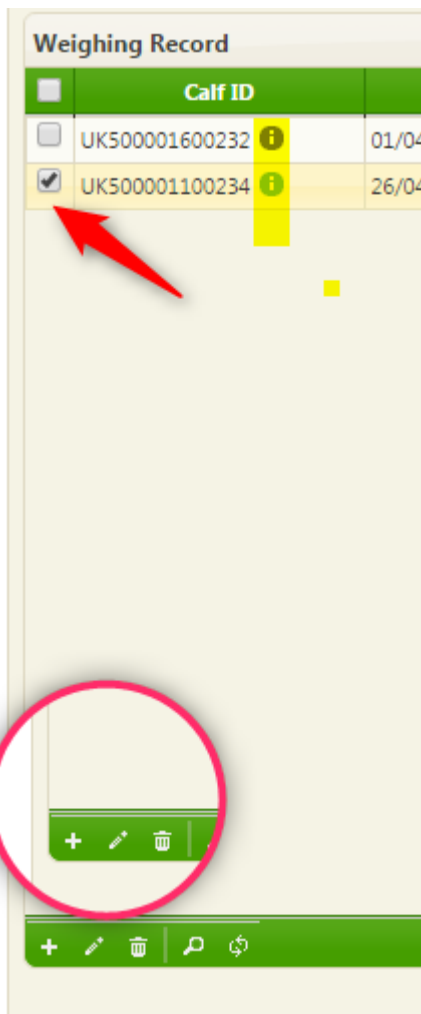
④ Enter the weight in kilos.

⑤ Tick the box if the calf has had access to a calf creep for additional feed.



The plus sign symbol will also bring up the entry box to add another weight.

Please note: You can add as many weight records for each calf as you wish.



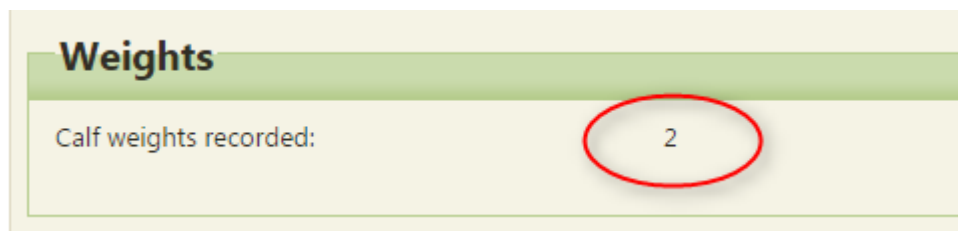
A calf weight record already entered can be amended by clicking on the tick box and then clicking on the edit button (like a small pencil) in the bottom left corner of the list table.

Please note, this will alter the existing record – it will not add a new record with a different weight. To add a new weight record for the calf, you must click the link 'click to add weight' or the plus sign at the bottom left hand corner of the list table.

The dustbin symbol when clicked will delete all weight records that you have selected by clicking to put a tick in the box.

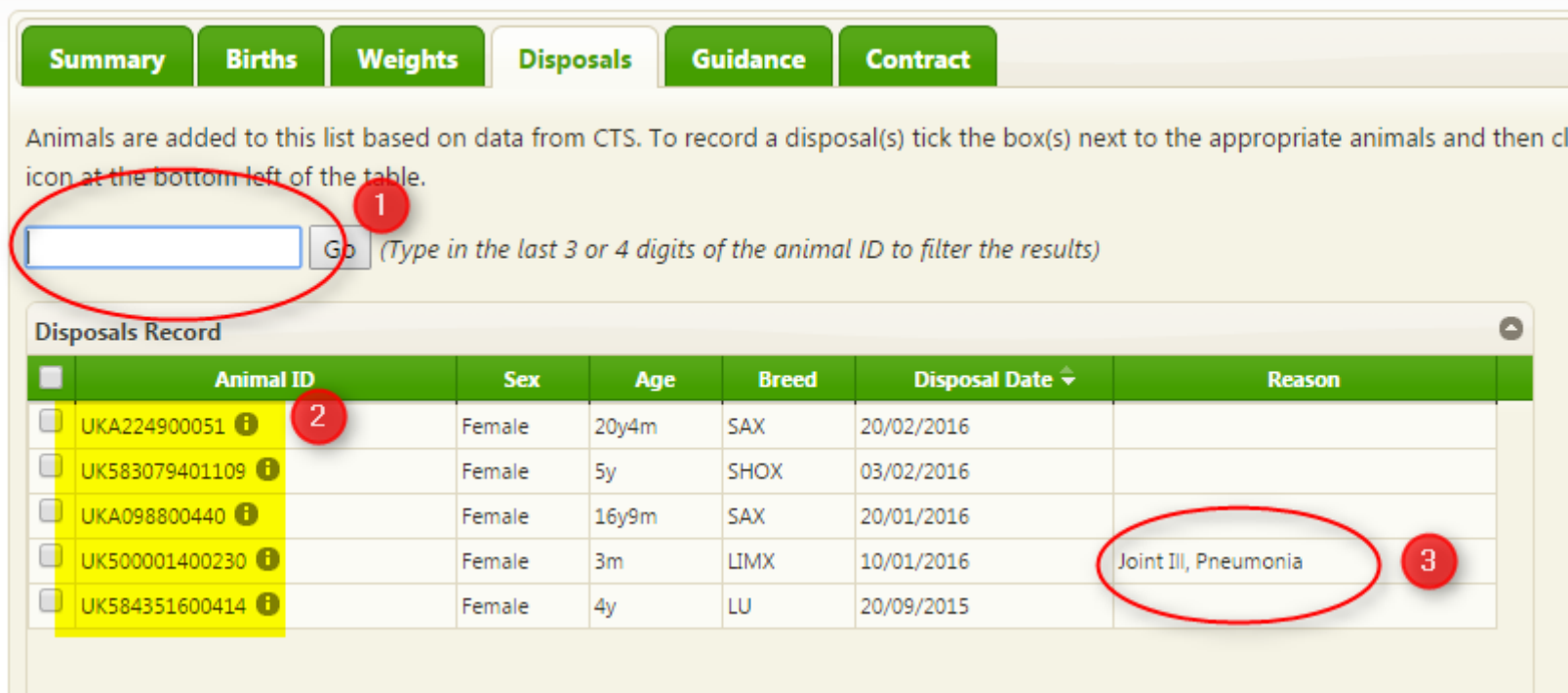
The letter 'i's highlighted in yellow are 'information buttons' and, when you hover over them with your cursor, they provide the data held on that animal that we receive from CTS. You will have entered this data on BCMS or via farm management software.


When a weight record has been added successfully, the weight record will appear on the listing. The total number of weight records entered is shown on the Summary page.



## 9. Disposals

It is important for your BES data recording for you to input the reasons why any cow may have been disposed of or died.



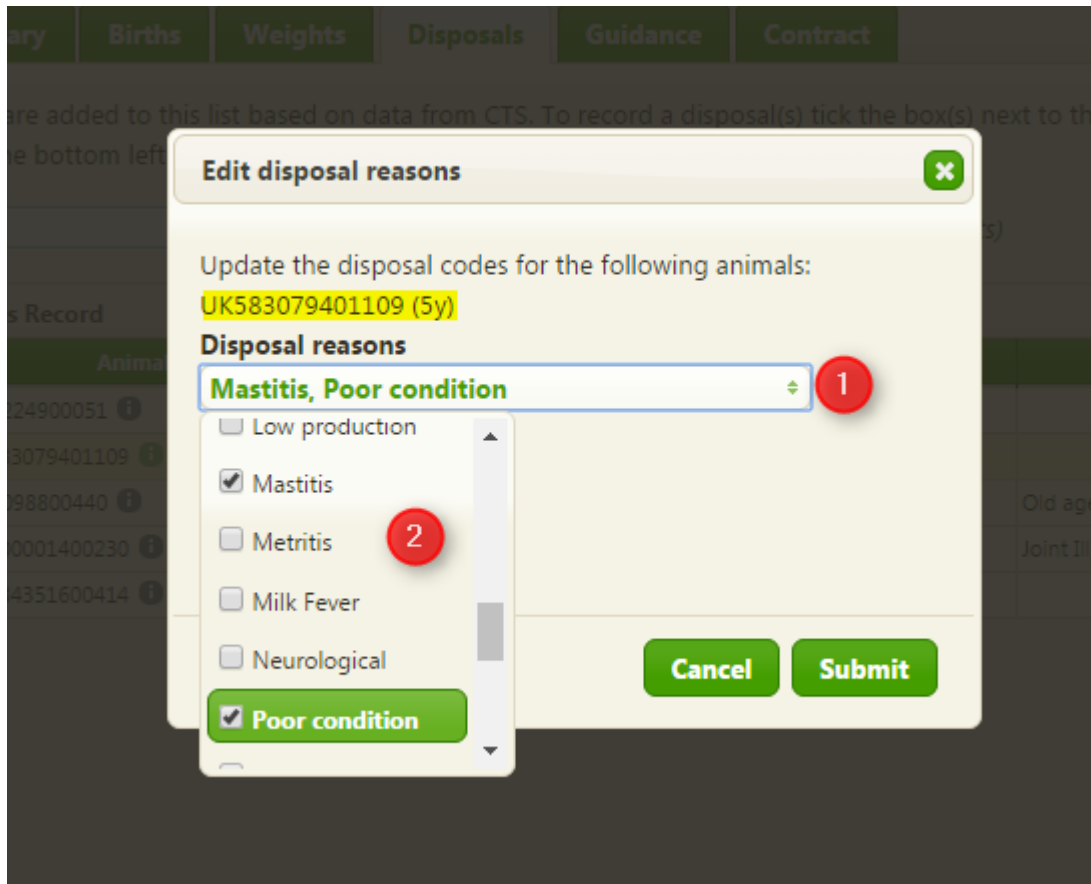
Animals are added to this list based on data from CTS. To record a disposal(s) tick the box(s) next to the appropriate animals and then click the  icon at the bottom left of the table.

Go (Type in the last 3 or 4 digits of the animal ID to filter the results)

	Animal ID	Sex	Age	Breed	Disposal Date	Reason
<input type="checkbox"/>	UKA224900051	Female	20y4m	SAX	20/02/2016	
<input type="checkbox"/>	UK583079401109	Female	5y	SHOX	03/02/2016	
<input type="checkbox"/>	UKA098800440	Female	16y9m	SAX	20/01/2016	
<input type="checkbox"/>	UK500001400230	Female	3m	LIMX	10/01/2016	Joint Ill, Pneumonia
<input type="checkbox"/>	UK584351600414	Female	4y	LU	20/09/2015	

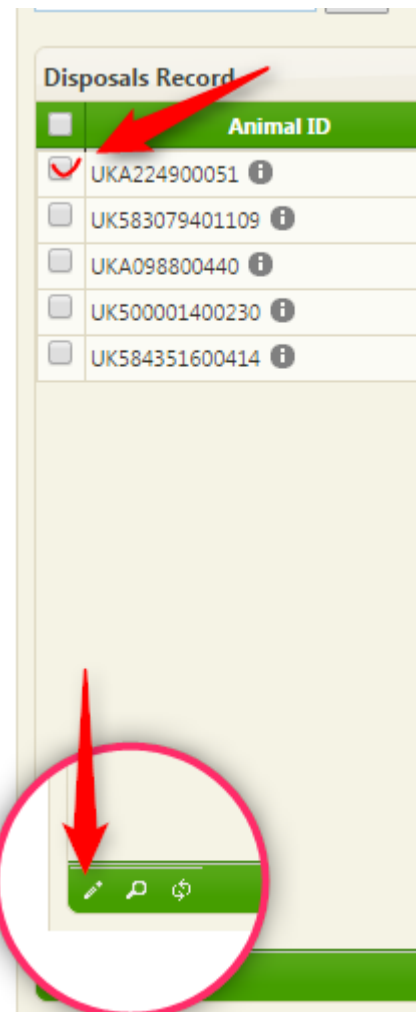
- ① There are 3 ways to enter the animal ID
  - a. Enter the full ID
  - b. Select from the list in the drop down box when it appears.
  - c. Enter the last three digits and then select from the IDs presented in the dropdown.
- ② The disposed of cows appear on the list 48 hrs after their death is registered on BCMS.
- ③ A calf will appear on the list when the box is ticked on the [calving record](#) and a reason for death recorded.

In the above illustration for the calf, it shows that more than one reason, causing the death of the calf, can be entered.



① Clicking on the entry box, brings up the dropdown list of disposal reasons for both dams and calves.

② You can then select the disposals reasons by clicking on the boxes. You can also click again to deselect.



You can also select an animal by ticking the box and then the edit button (like a small pencil) in the bottom left hand corner of the table.

The spyglass button next to it allows you to search the list.

The arrows next to that, refresh the list when clicked.

A box will appear indicating the disposal reason has been updated.

The disposal reason(s) will then be shown in the listing for that animal.

Summary Births Weights Disposals Guidance Contract

Animals are added to this list based on data from CTS. To record a disposal(s) tick the box(s) next to the appropriate animals and then click the disposal icon at the bottom left of the table.

(Type in the last 3 or 4 digits of the animal ID to filter the results)

Animal ID	Sex	Age	LU	Disposal Date	Reason
<input type="checkbox"/> UKA224900051					
<input type="checkbox"/> UK583079401109					
<input type="checkbox"/> UKA098800440					
<input type="checkbox"/> UK500001400230					
<input type="checkbox"/> UK584351600414	Female	4y	LU	20/09/2015	Mastitis, Poor condition Old age Joint Ill, Pneumonia

Disposals Record

1 disposals were successfully updated.

Ok

The number of disposals recorded will be shown on the Summary page. In this screen capture, only one. But the Summary page for the table in the example above would have shown three.

Disposals	
Disposals since start date:	5
Disposal reasons recorded:	1



## 10. Prompts and Email Messages

At certain times during the BES Calendar we will issue messages or send an email to remind you of an action that's required for the scheme. For example, in June, if you haven't yet recorded all your calving records, we will remind you that the deadline for entering the data gathered from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 1<sup>st</sup> June is the 15<sup>th</sup> July. If you need to email ScotEID, you can do so on [help@scotEID.com](mailto:help@scotEID.com).



### 11. Contacts and Links

ScotEID	<a href="http://www.scotEID.com">www.scotEID.com</a>	<a href="mailto:help@scotEID.com">help@scotEID.com</a>	01466 794323
Rural Payments and Services	<a href="http://www.ruralpayments.org">www.ruralpayments.org</a>	No email available	0300 300 2222